

Gastric Lipoma Revealed By Digestive Bleeding

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A 40-year-old men presented to the emergency for digestive bleeding (hematemesis). Hemoglobin level was 11g / dL Upper endoscopy showed an ulcerated gastric submucosal tumor of 4 centimeters (**Figure 1**) of the antrum. CT scan found the gastric tumor which was hypodense and heterogenous and revealed no apparent metastasis (**Figure 2**).

Echoendoscopy confirmed the presence of submucosal hypergenic heterogeneous tumor measuring 4cm seeming to develop on the 3th layer (**Figure 3**). Mucosal biopsy was negative. Patient underwent surgery (partial gastrectomy). Histological examination confirmed the submucosal lipoma (**Figure 4**). Outcome was favorable after surgery.



Figure 1: Endoscopic view: submucosal antral lesion of 4cm

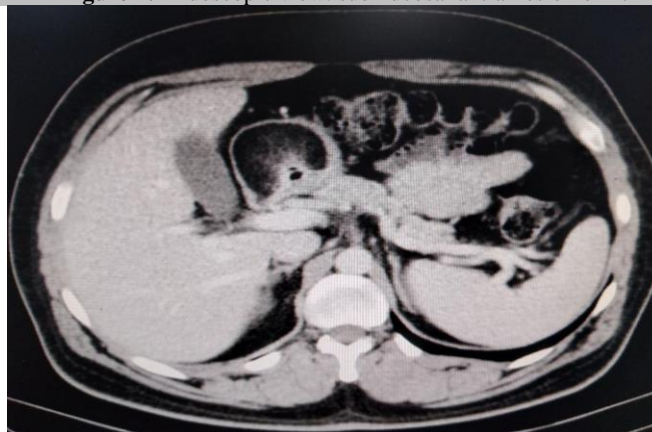


Figure 2: CT scan: the tumor is hypodense and heterogenous with no metastases

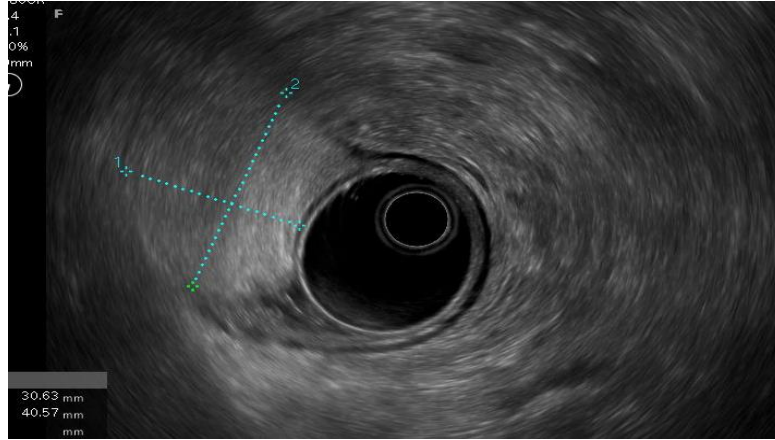


Figure 3: Echoendoscopy: submucosal hypergenetic heterogeneous tumor measuring 4cm seeming to develop on the 3th layer

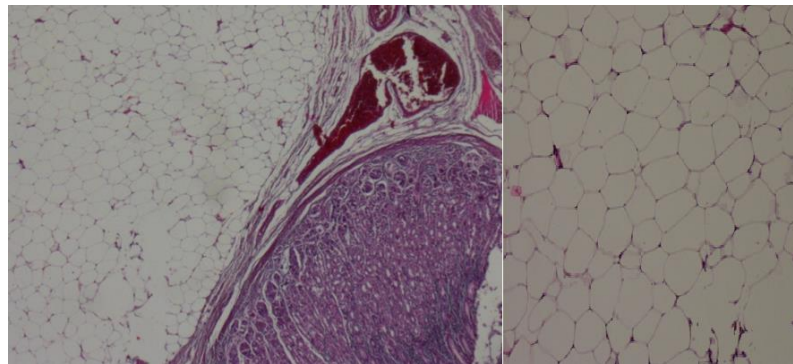


Figure 4: Histopathological examination: mature lipoma

Conflicts of interest: None

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